Trace dynamics, octonions, and unification

- From quantum foundations to the $E_8 imes \omega E_8$ octonionic theory of unification -

Tejinder P. Singh

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research

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Motivation behind this unification program

- In quantum theory, classical spacetime is an extrinsic concept, possible only when the universe is dominated by macroscopic, classical bodies.
- This makes quantum theory depend on its own limit, and a more general formulation will remove classical time from quantum theory [at all energy scales]
- We develop such a generalized formalism in the following steps:
- 1. Raise classical dynamical degrees to the status of matrices/operators [Trace Dynamics]
- 2. Replace every spacetime point by the 16D split-bioctonion.
- 3. Describe evolution by the so-called Connes time unique to a non-commutative geometry and absent in Riemannian geometry.
- 4. Use the Chamseddine-Connes spectral action principle to prescribe a trace dynamics Lagrangian for the theory.
- 5. Prescribe a gauge symmetry group for the Lagrangian, which we choose to be $E_8 \times \omega E_8$.

This leads to a falsifiable pre-spacetime, pre-quantum theory of unification of the fundamental forces.

• Spontaneous symmetry breaking at the electroweak scale leads to the emergence of the standard model of particle physics, and of general relativity.

 Quantum theory and general relativity are emergent phenomena, with classical spacetime emerging only when the universe becomes dominated by classical bodies.

- The formalism, based on the exceptional Jordan algebra of the octonions, permits us to derive mass ratios of quarks and charged leptons from first principles.
 - We now briefly explain the aforesaid steps -

Some references

- Trace dynamics, octonions, and unification, TPS, arXiv:2501.18139 (2025)
- An $E_8 \times E_8$ unification of the standard model and pre-gravitation, on an exceptional Lie-algebra valued space, Priyank Kaushik, Vatsalya Vaibhav, TPS, arXiv:2206.06911 (2022)
- Fermion mass ratios from the exceptional Jordan algebra, TPS, arXiv:2508.10131 (2025)

- Spacetime and internal symmetry space from split bioctonions and the two extra SU(3)'s of $E_8 \times E_8$, TPS, <u>https://www.preprints.org/manuscript/202510.0437/v1</u> (2025)
- Gravi-weak unification in 6D spacetime SO(3,3), Torsten-Asselmeyer Maluga, Niels Gresnigt, Jose M. Isidro, Antonino Marciano, Claudio F. Paganini, TPS, P Samuel Wesley [in preparation]
- Causal fermion systems, trace dynamics and the spectral action principle, Felix Finster, Shane Farnsworth, Claudio F. Paganini, TPS (in preparation)

1. Raise classical dynamical degrees to the status of matrices/operators [Trace Dynamics]

- From Newtonian dynamics to trace dynamics -

$$S = \sum_{i} \int d\tau \, \frac{1}{2} m_i \left(\frac{dq_i}{d\tau}\right)^2$$

From real numbered dynamical variables to matrices: $q \rightarrow \mathbf{q}$

$$S = \sum_{i} \int d\tau \, Tr \left[\frac{1}{2} \frac{L_p^2}{L^2} \left(\frac{d\mathbf{q}_i}{d\tau} \right)^2 \right]$$

Novel conserved charge: $\tilde{C} = \sum_{i} [\mathbf{q}_{Bi}, \mathbf{p}_{Bi}] - \sum_{j} \{\mathbf{q}_{Fj}, \mathbf{p}_{Fj}\}$: Pre-quantum theory (Adler-Millard charge)

1. Trace dynamics —> Quantum (field) theory as an emergent phenomenon

- \cdot Assume trace dynamics to hold at some time resolution \mathcal{T}_P
- · It is a Lorentz-invariant matrix-valued Lagrangian / Hamiltonian dynamics.
- Ask: what is the emergent dynamics at time resolution $\tau \gg \tau_P$? (Assuming H is self-adjoint)
- · Statistical thermodynamics is used to show that the novel charge is equipartitioned.

$$[q_B, p_B] = i\hbar$$
 ; $\{q_F, p_F\} = i\hbar$

· Heisenberg equations of motion, and QFT, emerge at thermodynamic equilibrium.

2. Replace every spacetime point by the 16D split-bioctonion

- Octonions as coordinate systems: a non-commutative manifold -
 - Internal space + spacetime > Octonionic Space
 - · Algebra automorphisms and unification: no change in energy scale.
 - Normed division algebras: reals, complex numbers, quaternions, octonions. $\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}, \mathbb{H}, \mathbb{O}$
- Quaternions: $q = a_0 + a_1\hat{i} + a_2\hat{j} + a_3\hat{k}$

Dirac operator is `gradient operator'

$$\nabla = \hat{i}\frac{d}{dx} + \hat{j}\frac{d}{dy} + \hat{k}\frac{d}{dz}$$

- •Octonions: $O = a_0 + a_1\mathbf{e}_1 + a_2\mathbf{e}_2 + a_3\mathbf{e}_3 + a_4\mathbf{e}_4 + a_5\mathbf{e}_5 + a_6\mathbf{e}_6 + a_7\mathbf{e}_7$
- •Lorentz groups: $SL(2,\mathbb{C}) \sim SO(1,3)$; $SL(2,\mathbb{H}) \sim SO(1,5)$; $SL(2,\mathbb{O}) \sim SO(1,9)$
 - Bosons and fermions live in octonionic space: ——-> Split bioctonionic space: chiral fermions

$$Q_B = Q_0 + Q_1 \mathbf{e}_1 + Q_2 \mathbf{e}_2 + Q_3 \mathbf{e}_3 + Q_4 \mathbf{e}_4 + Q_5 \mathbf{e}_5 + Q_6 \mathbf{e}_6 + Q_7 \mathbf{e}_7$$

3. Describe evolution by the so-called Connes time - unique to a non-commutative geometry and absent in Riemannian geometry.

- Choosing the Lagrangian: Spectral action principle -

• The eigenvalues of the Dirac operator D on a curved space-time manifold:

$$Tr[L_P^2 D^2] \sim L_P^{-2} \int d^4 x \sqrt{g} R + \mathcal{O}(L_P^0) = \sum_i \lambda_i^2$$

- •An `atom' of space-time: $\lambda_i \to \hat{\lambda}_i \equiv \dot{q}_{Bi}$ $\lambda_i^2 \to \int d au \ Tr[\dot{q}_{Bi}^2]$ Connes Time au
- An atom of space-time-matter (an `aikyon'):

$$\frac{S}{\hbar} = \int \frac{d\tau}{\tau_{Pl}} Tr \left\{ \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} \left[\dot{q}_B^{\dagger} + \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} \beta_1 \dot{q}_F^{\dagger} \right] \times \left[\dot{q}_B + \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} \beta_2 \dot{q}_F \right] \right\}$$

Including Yang-Mills fields

$$\frac{S}{\hbar} = \int \frac{d\tau}{\tau_{Pl}} Tr \left\{ \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} \left[\left(\dot{q}_B^{\dagger} + i \frac{\alpha}{L} q_B^{\dagger} \right) + \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} \beta_1 \left(\dot{q}_F^{\dagger} + i \frac{\alpha}{L} q_F^{\dagger} \right) \right] \times \left[\left(\dot{q}_B + i \frac{\alpha}{L} q_B^{\dagger} \right) + \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} \beta_2 \left(\dot{q}_F + i \frac{\alpha}{L} q_F \right) \right] \right\}$$

4. A trace dynamics Lagrangian for the unified theory

$$rac{S}{\hbar}=rac{1}{2}\intrac{d au}{ au_{Pl}}\;Triggl[rac{L_p^2}{L^2}\dot{Q}_1^\dagger\;\dot{Q}_2iggr]$$
 : An atom of space-time-matter

Bosons and fermions:

$$\dot{Q}_{1}^{\dagger} = \dot{Q}_{B}^{\dagger} + \frac{L_{p}^{2}}{L^{2}} \beta_{1} \dot{Q}_{F}^{\dagger}; \qquad \dot{Q}_{2} = \dot{Q}_{B} + \frac{L_{p}^{2}}{L^{2}} \beta_{2} \dot{Q}_{F}$$

$$\dot{Q}_2 = \dot{Q}_B + \frac{L_p^2}{L^2} \beta_2 \dot{Q}_B$$

Dotted & undotted variables:

$$\dot{Q}_B = \frac{1}{L}(i\alpha q_B + L\dot{q}_B); \qquad \dot{Q}_F = \frac{1}{L}(i\alpha q_F + L\dot{q}_F);$$

$$\dot{Q}_F = \frac{1}{L}(i\alpha q_F + L\dot{q}_F);$$

$$q_1 = q_B + \beta_1 \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} q_F \; ;$$

Define:
$$q_1 = q_B + \beta_1 \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} q_F$$
; $q_2 = q_B + \beta_2 \frac{L_P^2}{L^2} q_F$

Equations of Motion:
$$\ddot{q}_1 = -\frac{lpha^2}{L^2}q_1\;; \qquad \ddot{q}_2 = -\frac{lpha^2}{L^2}q_2\;$$

Assume for the Lagrangian: $E_8 \times \omega E_8$ symmetry

- **5**. Prescribe a gauge symmetry group for the Lagrangian, which we choose to be $E_8 \times \omega E_8$
- Spontaneous symmetry breaking at the electroweak scale leads to the emergence of the standard model of particle physics, and of general relativity.
- The assumed decomposition of the unified gauge group:

$$E_{8L} \to SU(3)_{I}^{geom} \times E_{6L} \xrightarrow{E_{6L}} SU(3)_{c} \times SU(3)_{F,L} \times SU(3)_{L} \xrightarrow{SU(3)_{L}} SU(2)_{L} \times U(1)_{Y}$$

$$E_{8R} \to SU(3)_{II}^{geom} \times E_{6R} \xrightarrow{E_{6R}} SU(3)_{c'} \times SU(3)_{F,R} \times SU(3)_{R} \xrightarrow{SU(3)_{R}} SU(2)_{R} \times U(1)_{Ydem}$$

- Here, $SU(3)_I^{geom} \times \omega SU(3)_{II}^{geom}$ give rise to spacetime and internal symmetry space.
- $E_L^6 \times E_R^6$ gives rise to the SM, GR, a new force $U(1)_{Ydem}$, a 2nd Higgs, and sterile ν
- Atoms of spacetime-matter —-> spacetime + internal space + matter content
 (https://www.preprints.org/manuscript/202510.0437/v1)

Theoretically

Derived:

$$\delta = \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}$$

SQUARE-ROOT MASS RATIO	THEORETICAL DERIVATION	THEORY VALUE (DECIMALS)	EXXPERIMENTAL $@M_Z$
$\sqrt{m_u/m_e}$	2	2.00	1.59 ± 0.14
			(RG: 1.50 - 2.10)
$\sqrt{m_d/m_e}$	3	3.00	2.34 ± 0.08
$\sqrt{m_s/m_d}$	$\frac{1+\delta}{1-\delta}$	4.159592	4.46 ± 0.25
$\sqrt{m_b/m_s}$	$\frac{1+\delta}{1-\delta} \cdot (1+\delta)$	6.706811	7.37 ± 0.34
$\sqrt{m_{ au}/m_{\mu}}$	$\frac{1+\delta}{1-\delta}$	4.159592	4.11930 ± 0.00006
$\sqrt{m_{\mu}/m_e}$	$\frac{1+\delta}{1-\delta} \cdot \frac{\delta+1/3}{\delta-1/3}$	14.097486	14.543 ± 0.000
$\sqrt{m_c/m_u}$	$\frac{2/3 + \delta}{2/3 - \delta}$	23.557551	22.43 ± 2.45
$\sqrt{m_t/m_c}$		12.278775	16.65 ± 1.14
	$2/3 - \delta$	12.210110	(RG: 15.96-17.19)

We derive mass ratios of quarks and charged leptons: arXiv:2508.10131 [hep-ph]

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Left-Right symmetry breaking: emergence of classical spacetime and gravitation

• Critical entanglement amongst fermions leads to the quantum - classical transition, and emergence of 4D classical curved space-time. $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$ breaks.

- Why 4D?
- $Cl(7) \rightarrow Cl(3)$

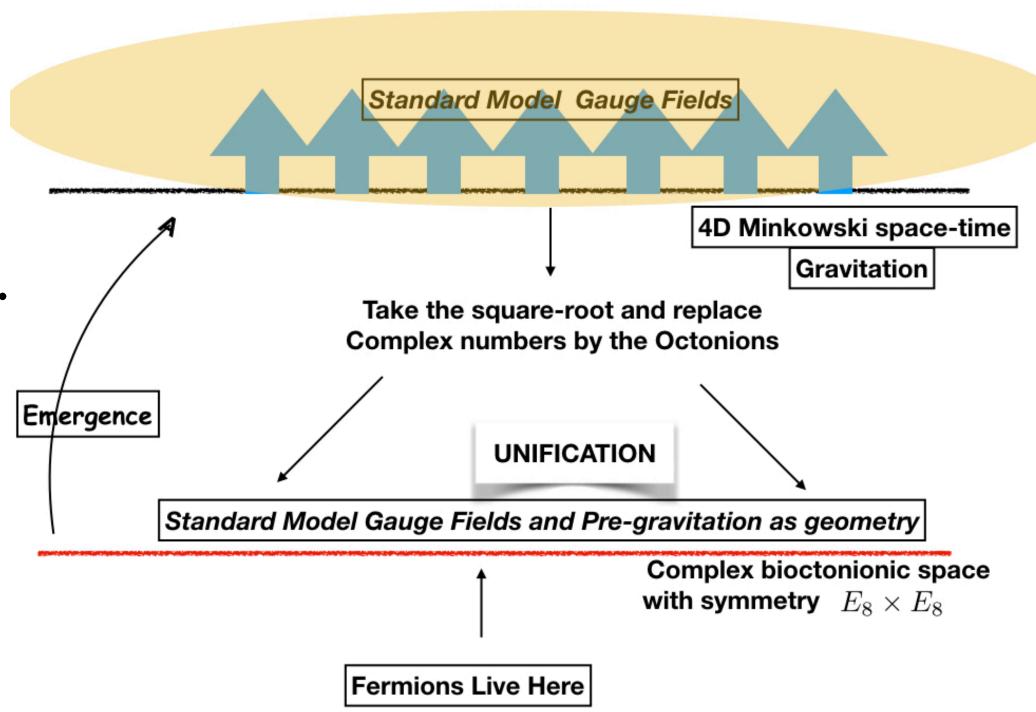
$$\int d\tau \, Tr \left[D_1^2 + D_2^2 + D_3^2 + \dots \right] \longrightarrow \int d\tau \left[\lambda_1^2 + \lambda_2^2 + \lambda_3^2 + \dots \right] = \int d\tau \, Tr [D^2] \propto \int d\tau \, \int d^4x \, \sqrt{-g} \, \left[R + \mathcal{L}_{matter} \right]$$

 Only classical systems live in 4D spacetime [compactification without compactification].

(Gravi-Weak is 6D)

- Quantum systems obey L-R symmetry (group $E_8 \otimes E_8$).
- The mechanism in the early universe is the same as is in the laboratory today: quantum entanglement.

[This slide is work in progress!]



1. Mass ratio prediction:
$$\sqrt{\frac{m_{\tau}}{m_{\mu}}} = \sqrt{\frac{m_{S}}{m_{d}}}$$

- 2. The neutrino is Majorana.
- 3. There is a second, BSM Higgs.
- 4. There is a fifth force: dark electromagnetism (dark photon) : sourced by $\pm \sqrt{m}$
- 5. There is a deterministic, local theory underlying quantum mechanics (Bell OK).
- 6. We predict spontaneous collapse [collapse models].
- 7. Karolyhazy length uncertainty relation: $(\Delta l)^3 = L_p^2 l$
- 8. Still to be understood: origin of neutrino masses, nature of dark matter and dark energy, universe before EW symmetry breaking; why only fermions localise?

Summary

- There must exist, at all energy scales, a reformulation of quantum field theory which does not depend on classical time.
- We have constructed one such formulation, using Adler's Trace Dynamics.
- Furthermore, spacetime points are replaced by the 16D split bioctonions.
- Connes time is used to describe evolution.
- The trace dynamics Lagrangian is motivated by the spectral action principle.
- $E_8 \times E_8$ unification gauge symmetry is proposed symmetry breaking.
- Spacetime, gravitation, and quantum theory, are emergent phenomena.
- We have a falsifiable candidate theory of unification [the octonionic / aikyon theory].